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BEFORE THE IDAHO PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION) CASE NO. AVU-E-12-08 OF AVISTA CORPORATION FOR THE) AUTHORITY TO INCREASE ITS RATES) AND CHARGES FOR ELECTRIC AND) NATURAL GAS SERVICE TO ELECTRIC) DIRECT TESTIMONY AND NATURAL GAS CUSTOMERS IN THE) OF STATE OF IDAHO) CLINT G. KALICH

FOR AVISTA CORPORATION

(ELECTRIC ONLY)

1	I. INTRODUCTION
2	Q. Please state your name, the name of your
3	employer, and your business address.
4	A. My name is Clint Kalich. I am employed by Avista
5	Corporation at 1411 East Mission Avenue, Spokane,
6	Washington.
7	Q. In what capacity are you employed?
8	A. I am the Manager of Resource Planning & Power
9	Supply Analyses in the Energy Resources Department of
10	Avista Utilities.
11	Q. Please state your educational background and
12	professional experience.
13	A. I graduated from Central Washington University in
14	1991 with a Bachelor of Science Degree in Business
15	Economics. Shortly after graduation, I accepted an analyst
16	position with Economic and Engineering Services, Inc. (now
17	EES Consulting, Inc.), a Northwest management-consulting
18	firm located in Bellevue, Washington. While employed by
19	EES, I worked primarily for municipalities, public utility
20	districts, and cooperatives in the area of electric utility
21	management. My specific areas of focus were economic
22	analyses of new resource development, rate case proceedings
23	involving the Bonneville Power Administration, integrated

1 (least-cost) resource planning, and demand-side management 2 program development.

3 left In late 1995, I Economic and Engineering 4 Services, Inc. to join Tacoma Power in Tacoma, Washington. 5 I provided key analytical and policy support in the areas 6 of resource development, procurement, and optimization, 7 hydroelectric operations and re-licensing, unbundled power 8 supply rate-making, contract negotiations, and system 9 operations. I helped develop, and ultimately managed, 10 Tacoma Power's industrial market access program serving 11 one-quarter of the company's retail load.

12 In mid-2000 I joined Avista Utilities and accepted my 13 current position assisting the Company in resource 14 analysis, dispatch modeling, resource procurement, 15 integrated resource planning, and rate case proceedings. 16 Much of my career has involved resource dispatch modeling 17 of the nature described in this testimony.

18 Q. What is the scope of your testimony in this 19 proceeding?

A. My testimony will describe the Company's use of the AURORA_{XMP} dispatch model, or "Dispatch Model". I will explain the key assumptions driving the Dispatch Model's market forecast of electricity prices. The discussion 1 includes the variables of natural gas, Western Interconnect 2 loads and resources, and hydroelectric conditions. I will 3 describe how the model dispatches its resources and 4 contracts to maximize customer benefit and tracks their 5 values for use in pro forma calculations. Finally, I will 6 present the modeling results provided to Company witness 7 Johnson for his power supply pro forma adjustment Mr. 8 calculations.

9 Q. Are you sponsoring any exhibits in this 10 proceeding?

11 Α. Yes. I am sponsoring one exhibit marked 12 Confidential Exhibit 5, Schedule 1. It provides summary 13 output from the Dispatch Model and data that are used by 14 Company witness Mr. Johnson as input for his work. All 15 information contained in the schedule was prepared under my 16 direction.

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II. THE DISPATCH MODEL

Q. What model is the Company using to dispatch itsportfolio of resources and obligations?

A. The Company uses EPIS, Inc.'s AURORA_{XMP} market
 forecasting model ("Dispatch Model") and its associated

database for determining power supply costs.¹ The Dispatch
 Model optimizes Company-owned resource and contract
 dispatch during each hour of the January 1, 2013 through
 December 31, 2013 pro forma year.

5

Q. Please briefly describe the Dispatch Model.

6 The Dispatch Model was developed by EPIS, Inc. of Α. 7 Idaho. It is a fundamentals-based tool Sandpoint, 8 containing demand and resource data for the entire Western 9 Interconnect. Ιt employs multi-area, transmission-10 constrained dispatch logic to simulate real market 11 conditions. Its true economic dispatch captures the 12 dynamics and economics of electricity markets-both short-13 term (hourly, daily, monthly) and long-term. On an hourly 14 basis the Dispatch Model develops an available resource 15 stack, sorting resources from lowest to highest cost. Ιt 16 then compares this resource stack with load obligations in 17 the same hour to arrive at the least-cost market-clearing 18 price for the hour. Once resources are dispatched and 19 market prices are determined, the Dispatch Model singles 20 out Avista resources and loads and values them against the 21 marketplace.

¹ The Company is using AURORA_{XMP} version 11.1.1001.

Q. What experience does the Company have using
 AURORA_{XMP}?

A. The Company purchased a license to use the Dispatch Model in April 2002. AURORA_{XMP} has been used for numerous studies, including each of its integrated resource plans and rate filings after 2001. The tool is also used for various resource evaluations, market forecasting, and requests-for-proposal evaluations.

9

Q. Who else uses AURORA_{XMP}?

10 A. AURORA_{XMP} is used across North America and in 11 Europe. In the Northwest specifically, AURORA_{XMP} is used by 12 the Bonneville Power Administration, the Northwest Power 13 and Conservation Council, Puget Sound Energy, Idaho Power, 14 Portland General Electric, Seattle City Light, Grant County 15 PUD, Snohomish County PUD, and Tacoma Power.

What benefits does the Dispatch Model offer for

16

17

this type of analysis?

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A. The Dispatch Model generates hourly electricity prices across the Western Interconnect, accounting for its specific mix of resources and loads. The Dispatch Model reflects the impact of regions outside the Northwest on Northwest market prices, limited by known transfer (transmission) capabilities. Ultimately, the Dispatch Model allows the Company to generate price forecasts in house instead of relying on exogenous forecasts.

3 The Company owns a number of resources, including 4 hydroelectric plants and natural gas-fired peaking units, 5 which serve customer loads during more valuable on-peak 6 By optimizing resource operation on an hourly hours. 7 basis, the Dispatch Model is able to appropriately value the capabilities of these assets. Forward prices for the 8 9 proforma 2013 period are 38% higher in the on-peak hours 10 than off-peak hours at the time this case was prepared. 11 The Dispatch Model forecasts on-peak prices for the pro 12 forma period to average 39% higher than off-peak prices. A 13 graphical representation of the differences in on- and off-14 peak prices over the proforma period is shown below in 15 Chart No. 1.

1 2

Chart No. 1 - Monthly AURORA modeled versus forward Mid-C



Prices

Forward prices month to month are tracked very closely 4 5 in the Dispatch Model, given that the AURORA model is using 6 normalized hydro, load, and resource outages. In summary, 7 the Dispatch Model appropriately values the energy from Avista's resources during on-peak periods 8 in а manner similar to that recently experienced in the 9 Northwest 10 region for the 2013 proforma period.

11 Q. On a broader scale, what calculations are being 12 performed by the Dispatch Model?

A. The Dispatch Model's goal is to minimize overall
system operating costs across the Western Interconnect,
including Avista's portfolio of loads and resources. The

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1 Dispatch Model generates a wholesale electric market price 2 forecast by evaluating all Western Interconnect resources simultaneously in a least-cost equation to meet regional 3 4 loads. As the Dispatch Model progresses from hour to hour, 5 it "operates" those least-cost resources necessary to meet 6 load. With respect to the Company's portfolio, the 7 Dispatch Model tracks the hourly output and fuel costs 8 associated with portfolio generation. It also calculates 9 hourly energy quantities and values for the Company's 10 contractual rights and obligations. In every hour the Company's loads and obligations are compared to available 11 12 resources to determine a net position. This net position is balanced using the simulated wholesale electricity 13 14 market. The cost of energy purchased from or sold into the 15 market is determined based on the electric market-clearing 16 price for the specified hour and the amount of energy 17 necessary to balance loads and resources.

18 Q. How does the Dispatch Model determine electricity 19 market prices, and how are the prices used to calculate 20 market purchases and sales?

21 A. The Dispatch Model calculates electricity prices 22 for the entire Western Interconnect, separated into various 23 geographical areas such as the Northwest and Northern and

1 Southern California. The load in each area is compared to 2 available resources, including resources available from other areas that are linked by transmission connections, to 3 4 determine the electricity price in each hour. Ultimately, the market price for an hour is set based on the last 5 6 resource in the stack to be dispatched. This resource is 7 referred to as the "marginal resource". Given the 8 prominence of natural gas-fired resources on the margin, 9 this fuel is a key variable in the determination of 10 wholesale electricity prices.

11 Q. How does the Dispatch Model operate regional 12 hydroelectric projects?

13 Α. The model begins by "peak shaving" loads using 14 system hydro resources. When peak shaving, the Dispatch 15 Model determines which hours contain the highest loads and 16 allocates to them as much hydroelectric energy as possible. 17 Remaining loads are then met with other available 18 resources.

19 Q. Has the Company made any modifications to the 20 EPIS database for this case?

A. Yes. The EPIS database was modified to include
various assumptions used in the Company's 2011 Integrated
Resource Plan. It uses a similar database as the Company's

1 last rate case filing, with updates to prices, resources, 2 For example, Avista's resource portfolio is and loads. 3 modified reflect actual project to operating 4 characteristics. Natural gas prices are modified to match 5 forward prices over the pro-forma period, regional 6 resources and loads are modified where better information 7 is made available, and northwest hydro data are replaced 8 with Bonneville Power Administration data.

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III. HYDRO MODELING ASSUMPTIONS

Q. Please provide additional detail on how the
Company has modeled hydroelectric generation for this case.

13 Α. Avista is modeling the Clark Fork, the Mid-14 Columbia (Mid-C) projects, and the upper four Spokane River 15 projects (Post Falls, Upper Falls, Monroe Street, and Nine 16 Mile) identically as we did in the last rate case. For the 17 two lower (Long Lake and Little Falls) Spokane River 18 projects, the Company is now using its Avista Hvdro 19 Optimization model; the same model was adopted for use in 20 the last case for the Clark Fork and Upper Spokane River 21 systems.

Avista uses historical stream flow data from the
Bonneville Power Administration ("BPA") for the Clark Fork

1 and the Spokane River projects. For the Mid-C, where the 2 Company does not have adequate data to model them, NWPP generation values are used just as in previous rate cases. 3 4 As in previous cases, the NWPP data are modified slightly 5 to address the NWPP model's tendency to overstate 6 generation in high-flow periods, to maintain year-to-year 7 consistency in project operations, and to account for 8 encroachment on our Mid-C project shares.

9 Q. What hydroelectric record is being used in this 10 case?

11 A. 1929-1998.

12 Q. How is the generation then used for ratemaking 13 purposes?

A. The monthly generation levels for each project
(Mid-C, Spokane River, and Clark Fork) are input into the
dispatch model (AURORA_{XMP}) where Avista's portfolio value is
quantified for ratemaking purposes.

Q. Please describe the Avista Hydro Optimization
 Package.

A. The Avista Hydro Optimization Package is a mixedinteger linear programming-based system emulating the operation of the Company's projects. It was developed in support of system operations, financial forecasting, and hydro upgrade efforts. Operating on an hourly time-step,
 they accurately represent individual turbine and reservoir
 operations. License constraints (e.g., minimum flows,
 elevation limits) are honored in all periods. The
 optimization package is comprised of four components.

Q. What is the first component of the Avista Hydro
7 Optimization Package?

8 The first component is the Avista Hydro Water Α. 9 Budget Model. This model looks over the longer record of 10 water flow optimization to ensure storage water is released 11 during the most valuable times of the year. Outputs are 12 weekly beginning and ending project elevations for each 13 storage project. These elevations are exported to the 14 system optimization model Output table.

Q. What is the source for hydroelectric flows in the
Avista Hydro Water Budget Model?

A. The source data for the Water Budget Model is BPA daily flow data derived from the U.S. Army Corp of Engineers monthly flow study. This work re-creates historical flows on Avista hydro projects back to 1929 based on today's river system.² This data is housed in the

²Accounting for additional irrigation depletion, new in-river developments, and present regulation requirements due to environmental requirements.

Avista Hydro Optimization Model Input Database, and is the
 second element of the Avista Hydro Optimization package.

Q. What is the third element of the Avista Hydro Optimization Package?

5 is Α. The third element the Avista Hydro 6 Optimization Model itself. This hourly model uses a mixed-7 integer optimization routine to maximize the value of the 8 hydroelectric projects over time. Each project is 9 represented in detail, including individual turbine 10 efficiency curves, physical and license-constrained 11 reservoir elevations, tailrace elevations, and minimum and maximum flow constraints. 12

13 The Avista Hydro Optimization Model shapes generation 14 into the most beneficial (i.e., most economic) time periods 15 using the projects' storage reservoirs. It also maximizes 16 the value of the generation by flowing water through the 17 turbines at their most economically efficient points on the 18 power curves.

Q. What is the fourth element of the Avista HydroOptimization Package?

A. The fourth element is the Avista Hydro
 Optimization Model Output Database. This database contains
 the results from the Avista Hydro Optimization Model,

1 including hourly turbine discharge and spill flows, hourly 2 generation levels, and hourly reservoir elevations.

Q. How did the Company ensure that the Avista Hydro
 Optimization Package accurately reflects the operations and
 value of Company-owned projects?

A. The Avista Hydro Optimization Package is
benchmarked against the Company's 2000-2009 actual results
at the projects to ensure its accuracy.

9 Q. How did the initial results compare, and how was 10 the package adjusted to match with the 10-year record?

11 The Avista Hydro Optimization Package initially Α. 12 over-estimated generation relative to the 2000-2009 periods 13 by approximately 5.5 percent for the Noxon project. Ιt 14 understated generation by 0.6 percent for the Cabinet Gorge 15 For the four upper Spokane River projects, project. 16 generation was overstated by between 5% and 18%. These 17 results were expected, as Avista does not operate its 18 projects in isolation. Instead the Company uses its hydro projects to meet all of its needs, including operating 19 20 There are also times where units are out on reserves. 21 maintenance or forced outage. To synch the Avista Hydro 22 Optimization Package to history the power curves for each 23 project were therefore adjusted by the differences

> Kalich, Di 14 Avista Corporation

1 described above. After the benchmarking process, the model 2 generated levels equal to actual generation during the 3 2000-2009 period. The adjustments are presented below in 4 Table No. 1. 5

Table No. 1 - Avista Hydro Optimization Benchmarking

7

6

Adjustments

Projects	Model Overestimating Percentage (%)	Model Underestimating Percentage (%)	Applied Benchmark Adjustment Percentage (%)
Noxon Rapid	5.5		105.5
Cabinet Gorge		0.6	99.4
Post Falls	16.8		116.8
Upper Falls	12.2		112.2
Monroe Street	4.7		104.7
Nine Mile	18.3		118.3
Long Lake	7.8		107.8
Little Falls	2.5		102.5

8

9 Q. Are the hydro models included in the Company's

10 filing?

A. Yes. All four components of the Avista Hydro
Optimization Package for each major Company hydro system
(Spokane River and Clark Fork River) are included in my
work papers, including all input and output data.

Q. Does the Avista Hydro Optimization Package
 account for recent upgrades at the Noxon Rapids project?

A. Yes. Once the original model was benchmarked
against recent generation years that did not benefit from
upgrades at Noxon, the newly upgraded units (1, 2, 3, and

4) were input into the model to reflect the higher
 anticipated generation levels.

Q. How is the Company using the new Avista Hydro
 Optimization Package in its business operations?

5 The Avista Hydro Optimization Package Α. is an 6 essential tool to assist the Company with optimizing its system operations, both in short- and long-term planning. 7 8 Its results are also used for Company budgeting and hydro 9 project market valuation studies. It has been used to 10 support various upgrade option studies. Given its speed it is possible to run large hydro-flow records through it, as 11 12 is necessary for rate filings such as the one before you 13 today. It was used by the Company in its last rate case 14 before the Commission.

Q. How does the AURORA_{XMP} Dispatch Model Operate
 Company-controlled hydroelectric generation resources?

17 Α. The Dispatch Model treats all hydroelectric 18 generation plants within each river system as a single 19 large plant. To account for the actual flexibility of 20 Company hydroelectric resources, the Company develops 21 individual hydro operations logic for each of its 22 facilities. This separation ensures that the flexibility 1 inherent in these resources is credited to customers in the 2 pro forma exercise.

Q. Please compare the operating statistics from the
 Dispatch Model to recent historical hydroelectric plant
 operations.

6 Α. Over the pro forma period the Dispatch Model 7 generates 69% of Clark Fork hydro generation during on-peak 8 (based on average water). Since on-peak hours hours 9 represent only 57% of the year, this demonstrates a 10 substantial shift of hydro resources to the more expensive 11 on-peak hours. This is identical to the five-year average 12 of on-peak hydroelectric generation at the Clark Fork 13 through 2011. Similar relative performance is achieved for 14 the Spokane and Mid-Columbia projects

- 15
- 16

IV. OTHER KEY MODELING ASSUMPTIONS

Q. Please describe your update to pro forma period
natural gas prices.

19 A. Natural gas prices for this filing are based on a 20 1-month average from June 28, 2012 to July 27, 2012 of 21 calendar-year 2013 monthly forward prices. Natural gas 22 prices used in the Dispatch Model are presented below in 23 Table No 2.

Basis	Price (\$/dth)	Basin	Price (\$/dth)
AECO	3.18	Stanfield	3.45
Malin	3.53	Sumas	3.61
Spokane	3.63	Henry Hub	3.61
Rockies	3.45	S. Calif.	3.70

Table No. 2 - Pro Forma Natural Gas Prices

2

1

3 What is the Company's assumption for rate period Q. 4 loads? 5 Pro forma loads used in this case are weather-Α.

adjusted loads between July 1, 2011 and June 30, 2012. 6 7 Table No. 3 below details actual, weather-adjusted load.

8

Table No. 3 - Pro Forma Loads

		Weather			Weather
Month	Actual	Adjusted	Month	Actual	Adjusted
Jan-12	1,237.9	1,246.2	Jul-11	1,019.1	1,056.9
Feb-12	1,187.9	1,190.8	Aug-11	1,097.4	1,081.5
Mar-12	1,097.3	1,088.2	Sep-11	1,005.9	970.4
Apr-12	1,006.4	1,018.0	Nov-11	1,000.5	1,006.4
May-12	963.6	960.0	Nov-11	1,156.9	1,155.9
Jun-12	957.2	965.1	Dec-11	1,251.0	1,265.5
			Average	1,081.7	1,083.5

9

10 Please discuss your outage assumptions for the Q. 11 Colstrip units.

12

As with our assumptions for other plants, we use Α. average through 2011 to 13 5-year estimate long-run а performance at the Colstrip plant. The 9.6% forced outage 14 15 rate is based on this average and is slightly higher than 16 the 8.7% level used in the rate case last year.

1	V. RESULTS
2	Q. Please summarize the results from the Dispatch.
3	A. The Dispatch Model tracks the Company's portfolio
4	during each hour of the pro forma study. Fuel costs and
5	generation for each resource are summarized by month.
6	Total market sales and purchases, and their revenues and
7	costs, are also determined and summarized by month. These
8	values are contained in Confidential Exhibit 5 Schedule 1
9	and were provided to Mr. Johnson for use in his
10	calculations. Mr. Johnson adds resource and contract
11	revenues and expenses not accounted for in the Dispatch
12	Model (e.g., fixed costs) to determine net power supply
13	expense.
14	Q. Does this conclude your pre-filed direct
15	testimony?
16	A. Yes, it does.

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CONFIDENTIAL

Dispatch Model Summary Output

Pages 1 through 3

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> Exhibit No. 5 Case No. AVU-E-12-08 C. Kalich, Avista Schedule 1, p. 1 of 3